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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE		13409.1USWO	7904	
09/600,203	08/09/2000	Satoshi Ogata	13409.105WO		
23332	7590 12/05/2002 <b>T &amp; GOULD PC</b>		EXAMINER		
P.O. BOX 290			SAVAGE, MATTHEW O		
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			1723 DATE MAILED: 12/05/2002	22	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.		Applicant(s)			
		09/600,203		OGATA ET AL.			
Office Action Sur	mmary	Examiner		Art Unit			
		Matthew O Savag	e	1723			
The MAILING DATE of t	his communication app	ears on the cover	sheet with the o	correspondence address			
Pariod for Reply							
<ul> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended</li> <li>Any reply received by the Office later the earned patent term adjustment. See 37</li> </ul>	er the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 date of this communication. less than thirty (30) days, a reply the maximum statutory period of period for reply will, by statute in three months after the mailing	36(a). In no event, howe y within the statutory min vill apply and will expire \$	ver, may a reply be tir imum of thirty (30) day SIX (6) MONTHS from	nely filed  ys will be considered timely.  the mailing date of this communication.  TO (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
1)⊠ Responsive to commu	nication(s) filed on 04 (	October 2002 .					
		nis action is non-fi	nal.				
	- :dition for allow	ance except for fo	ımal matters, r	prosecution as to the merits is			
3) Since this application is closed in accordance to Disposition of Claims	with the practice under	Ex parte Quayle,	1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.			
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-15</u> is/are pe	nding in the application	n.					
4a) Of the above claim(	s) <u>13-15</u> is/are withdra	wn from consider	ation.				
5) Claim(s) is/are a							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rej							
7) Claim(s) is/are o	bjected to.						
8) Claim(s) are sub	ject to restriction and/	or election require	ement.				
Application Papers							
9) The specification is obje	ected to by the Examin	er.	to the Ex	raminer			
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on	is/are: a)∐ acc	epted or b) object	old in abovance	See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
11) The proposed drawing	correction filed on	is. a) approv	ction.	,			
	Irawings are required in r		000111				
12) The oath or declaration		Zaminon					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119	and 120	an priority under 1	35 II S C 8 119	(a)-(d) or (f).			
13) Acknowledgment is m		gii priority under t	0.0.0.0.				
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c)		nto have been rei	reived				
1. Certified copies	of the priority docume	nts have been re	ceived in Applic	ation No			
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No  3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application	from the International t ed Office action for a li	st of the certified	copies not rece	ived.			
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a)  The translation of	the foreign language I	provisional applica	ation has been	received.			
Attachment(s)		<u>-</u>					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTC 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent 3) Information Disclosure Statemer	Orawing Review (PTO-948)	4) [ 5) [ 6) [	=	nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)			

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Newly submitted claims 13-15 directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: newly submitted claims 13-15 are directed to a method of preparing a filter cartridge whereas the original claims are directed to a filter cartridge. The newly submitted claims lack unity with respect to the original claims since the shared technical features do not define a contribution over the prior art for the reasons set forth in the rejection of claim 1 listed below.

Since applicant has received an action on the merits for the originally presented invention, this invention has been constructively elected by original presentation for prosecution on the merits. Accordingly, claims 13-15 have been withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

The limitation of the "continuous fiber non-woven fabric" recited in claims 1-7 and 11 lacks basis in the original specification and is considered new matter.

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The subject matter of claim 12 is considered new matter.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and/or use the invention. The specification fails to adequately teach how to make the recited "continuous long fiber non-woven fabric".

The specification is objected to as failing to provide proper antecedent basis for the claimed subject matter. See 37 CFR 1.75(d)(1) and MPEP § 608.01(o). Correction of the following is required: The limitation of the "continuous fiber non-woven fabric" recited in claims 1-7 and 11 lacks basis in the original specification.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claims 1-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

With respect to claim 1, it is unclear as to what type of fabric a "continous fiber non-woven fabric" comprises. Concerning line 3 of claim 1, it is unclear as to how the fibers are "thermally adhered" since no means or structure for adhering the fibers has been positively recited in the claim.

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Claim 12 is considered vague and indefinite. In particular, it is unclear as to which variables the ratio is based upon. Concerning line 2, it is unclear as to how the units "MPa" can relate to diameter since they typically refer to a pressure value, i.e., mega pascals. Regarding lines 2-3, the limitations "initial trapped particle diameter being 1-1.113 when initial particle diameter is 7.1 to 30" micrometers makes no sense.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-5, and 10-12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over JP 4-45811 in view of Pike et al.

With respect to claim 1, JP '811 discloses a strip, non-woven fabric 3 wound around a perforated cylinder 4 in twill form (see FIGS. 1 and 2). As best understood, JP '811 fails to specify long thermoplastic fibers prepared using a spun bonding method with fiber intersections that are adhered. Pike et al disclose filter media including continuous thermoplastic fibers prepared using a spun bonding method (see example 1 in columns 10-11) with fiber intersections that are thermally adhered (see example 1) and suggests that such an arrangement has high filtration efficiency and physical strength (see the first full paragraph of col. 3). It would have been obvious to have modified the JP '811 filter so as to have included long thermoplastic fibers with fiber

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intersections that were adhered as suggested by Pike et al in order to provide a filter media having high filtration efficiency and physical strength properties.

Regarding claim 2, Pike et al disclose a thermoplastic adhesive composite fibers including a low melting point resin and a high melting point resin with a difference in melting point be 10 degrees C or more (see example 1).

Concerning claim 3, Pike et al disclose the low melting point resin as being linear low density polyethylene and the high melting point resin as being polypropylene (see example 1).

As to claim 4, Pike et al disclose that it is known in the art to bond an analogous fabric by thermal compression via a calendering process (see from line 63 of col. 1 to line 22 of col. 2). Accordingly, it would have been obvious to have modified the filter fabric suggested by JP '811 and Pike et al so as to have been bonded by a calendaring process as known in the art in the case that equipment for carrying out the calendaring process was on hand and in the case that a lower filtration efficiency filter media was acceptable.

Regarding claim 5, Pike et al disclose the fiber intersections of the fabric as being bonded by a hot blast (e.g., via a the through air bonder described in example 1).

Concerning claim 6, JP '811 discloses the strip as being twisted (see the abstract).

Regarding claim 10, JP '811 and Pike et al fail to specify the recited void rate, however, such a modification would have been obvious in order to optimize the filter for a particular application.

Concerning claim 11, JP '811 and Pike et al fail to specify the slit width and product of the slit width and basis weight, however, such a modification would have been obvious in order to optimize the filter for a particular application.

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As to claim 12, JP '811 and Pike et al fail to specify the recited ratio, however, such a modification in filter structure, i.e., selecting the fiber diameter and filter density to achieve such a ratio would have been obvious to one skilled in the art in order to optimize the filter for a particular application.

Claims 7-9 are rejected under 35 U.S. C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over over JP 4-45811 in view of Pike et al as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of JP 1-115423.

With respect to claim 7, JP '811 and Pike et al fail to specify pleated matter having 4-50 pleats. J P '423 discloses the concept of pleating an analogous non woven strip 3 so as to have 4-50 pleats (see FIG.6) and suggests that such an arrangement increases the strength and dimensional stability of the filter media (see the abstract). It would have been obvious to have modified the combination suggested by JP '811 and Pike et al so as to have included pleated matter as suggested by JP '423 in order to increase the strength and dimensional stability of the filter.

Regarding claim 8, JP '423 discloses pleats that are non-parallel because the pleats extend along non-linear paths.

Concerning claim 9, JP '811 and Pike et al fail to specify the recited void rate, however, such a modification would have been obvious in order to optimize the filter for a particular application.

Applicant's arguments filed 10-4-02 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

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Applicant argues that there is no reason to combine the Japanese '811 reference and Pike et al since the '811 reference is limited to depth filtration whereas Pike et al is limited to surface filtration, however, it is held that such a combination is proper since Pike et al does not expressly teach against using a non-woven fabric for depth filtration, and because both the '811 reference and Pike et al disclose the use of non-woven sheet fabrics for filtration in general. Accordingly, it is held that one skilled in the art would modify the '811 device so as to have included the sheet non-woven filter medium disclosed by Pike et al for the specific advantages taught by Pike et al including providing a sheet filter medium having a high density, high strength, a smooth surface, and a relatively uniform porosity distribution (see lines 55-61 of col. 3 of Pike et al).

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

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the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Matthew O Savage whose telephone number is 703-308-3854. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday, 7:00am-3:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wanda W. Walker can be reached on 703-308-0457. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703-305-3602 for regular communications and 703-305-3599 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-0661.

M. Savoy Matthew O Savage Primary Examiner Art Unit 1723

mos December 3, 2002December 3, 2002